

**Table 2.4 Utah Coal Resources by County, 2007**  
Million Short Tons

County	Original Principal Resource <sup>1</sup>	Original Estimated Recoverable Resource <sup>2</sup>	Cumulative Production 1870-2007	Remaining Estimated Recoverable Resource	% of Remaining Estimated Recoverable Resource
Kane	19,579.6	8,025.6	0.1	8,025.5	53.3%
Garfield	7,493.1	3,106.3	0.0	3,106.3	20.6%
Emery	4,457.7	1,392.9	374.2	1,018.7	6.8%
Carbon	4,993.6	1,475.8	466.4	1,009.4	6.7%
Sevier	3,257.4	1,036.0	132.4	903.6	6.0%
Grand	1,144.0	343.2	2.7	340.5	2.3%
Iron	650.8	260.2	0.8	259.4	1.7%
Sanpete	489.5	171.8	0.7	171.1	1.1%
Wasatch	177.3	53.2	0.0	53.2	0.4%
Uintah	177.1	53.2	0.3	52.9	0.4%
Summit	186.0	55.8	4.3	51.5	0.3%
Washington	86.1	34.4	0.0	34.4	0.2%
Duchesne	53.9	16.2	0.0	16.2	0.1%
Wayne	27.0	16.2	0.0	16.2	0.1%
Morgan	1.1	0.4	0.0	0.4	*
<b>Total</b>	<b>42,774.2</b>	<b>16,041.2</b>	<b>981.8</b>	<b>15,059.4</b>	

\*Value less than 0.1%

<sup>1</sup>Total coal resource with no economic, land use, or geologic constraints.

<sup>2</sup>For Emery, Sevier, Kane, Carbon, and Garfield Counties; resources were constrained by a seam height minimum of four feet, with no more than 3000 feet of cover. For the remaining counties, resources were constrained by an estimated resource factor ranging from 30% to 40% of principal resources.

Source: Smith and Jahanbani, 1988; Quick and others, 2004; Bon and others, 2006; production data from UGS coal company questionnaires

Note: EIA reserve data will not match above data because they are from different sources. Estimated recoverable resources do not take into account economic or land use constraints.